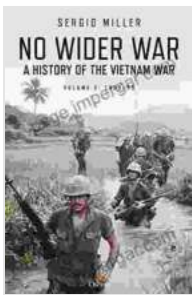


# History of the Vietnam War: A Comprehensive Guide to the Conflict

The Vietnam War was one of the most controversial and divisive conflicts in American history. It began in the early 1960s and lasted for more than a decade, ultimately ending with the withdrawal of American troops in 1973. The war had a profound impact on both the United States and Vietnam, and its legacy continues to be debated today.



## No Wider War: A History of the Vietnam War Volume 2:

**1965–75** by Sergio Miller

★★★★☆ 4.7 out of 5

Language : English  
File size : 15599 KB  
Text-to-Speech : Enabled  
Screen Reader : Supported  
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled  
X-Ray : Enabled  
Word Wise : Enabled  
Print length : 561 pages



This book provides a comprehensive overview of the Vietnam War, from its origins to its aftermath. It covers the major battles, political events, and social changes that shaped the conflict. The book also includes first-hand accounts from veterans and civilians who experienced the war firsthand.

## The Origins of the Vietnam War

The roots of the Vietnam War can be traced back to the end of World War II, when Vietnam was divided into two countries: North Vietnam and South Vietnam. The North was controlled by a communist government led by Ho Chi Minh, while the South was controlled by a non-communist government led by Ngo Dinh Diem.

In the early 1960s, the North Vietnamese government began to support a communist insurgency in the South. The United States, fearing the spread of communism in Southeast Asia, responded by sending military advisors to South Vietnam.

### **The Escalation of the War**

The war in Vietnam escalated rapidly in the mid-1960s. In 1964, the United States Congress passed the Gulf of Tonkin Resolution, which authorized President Lyndon B. Johnson to use military force to protect American interests in Southeast Asia.

In response to the Gulf of Tonkin Resolution, Johnson authorized the bombing of North Vietnam. The bombing campaign, known as Operation Rolling Thunder, lasted for three years and caused widespread destruction.

In 1965, Johnson sent the first American combat troops to Vietnam. The number of American troops in Vietnam gradually increased over the next few years, reaching a peak of 580,000 in 1968.

### **The Tet Offensive**

The Tet Offensive was a major turning point in the Vietnam War. It was launched by the North Vietnamese and Viet Cong forces in January 1968

and targeted major cities throughout South Vietnam.

The Tet Offensive was a surprise attack and initially caught the U.S. military off guard. However, the U.S. military was able to regain control of the major cities and inflict heavy casualties on the North Vietnamese and Viet Cong.

The Tet Offensive had a profound impact on the American public. It showed that the war was far from over and that the United States was not winning. The offensive also led to a decline in support for the war and contributed to the growing anti-war movement.

### **The Paris Peace Accords**

The Paris Peace Accords were signed in January 1973 and ended the Vietnam War. The accords called for a ceasefire, the withdrawal of American troops, and the release of American prisoners of war.

The Paris Peace Accords did not bring peace to Vietnam. The North Vietnamese and Viet Cong quickly violated the ceasefire and resumed their offensive. The war continued for another two years until the North Vietnamese finally captured Saigon in April 1975.

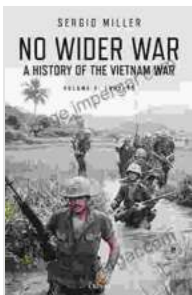
### **The Legacy of the Vietnam War**

The Vietnam War had a profound impact on both the United States and Vietnam. The war caused the deaths of more than 58,000 American soldiers and more than 3 million Vietnamese civilians.

The war also had a significant impact on American society. It led to a decline in trust in the government and a growing anti-war movement. The

war also contributed to the rise of the counterculture and the sexual revolution.

The legacy of the Vietnam War continues to be debated today. Some people view the war as a noble cause that was fought to protect the United States from communism. Others view the war as a tragic mistake that caused unnecessary death and destruction.



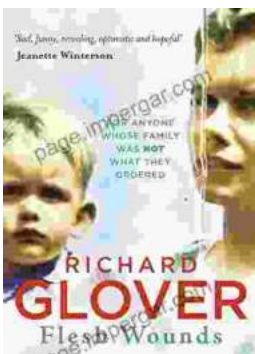
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